

# LE GÉNITIF (CAS POSSESSIF)

A à Z

253

## LE CAS POSSESSIF A à Z : 253



"I hate music—all this was my decorator's idea."

## 77 Complétez les phrases suivantes en employant la forme appropriée du cas possessif sans utiliser de pronoms.

Ex. : This house belongs to Mr Brown. It's .....  
→ It's Mr Brown's house.

1. The show lasted two hours. It was a .....
2. This handbag belongs to Ann. It's .....
3. This school is for girls only. It's .....
4. That car belongs to the doctor. It's .....
5. Mr and Mrs Green have a dog named Rover. Rover is .....
6. We took a holiday which lasted a fortnight. It was .....
7. This shirt belongs to the goal-keeper. It's .....
8. The Head works in this office. It's .....

## LE CAS POSSESSIF « INCOMPLET » A à Z : 253 R<sup>2</sup>

## 78 Répondez aux questions suivantes.

Ex. : Whose dog is this? (my neighbour)  
→ It's my neighbour's.

1. Whose coat is this? (Mr Jenkins) .....
2. Whose book is this? (my sister) .....
3. Are these your pens? (Bill) No, .....
4. Whose car is this? (my parents) .....
5. Is this Mr Smith's garden? (Mr Brown) No, .....
6. Whose house is this? (Mr and Mrs Smith) .....
7. Whose bags are these? (the children) .....
8. Is this your hat? (Henry) No, .....

## LE « DOUBLE POSSESSIF » A à Z : 253 R<sup>3</sup>

## 79 Transformez les phrases suivantes.

Ex. : Mrs Brown is one of my mother's friends.  
→ Mrs Brown is a friend of my mother's.

1. Patricia is one of Jenny's sisters. ....
2. Bill is wearing one of his brother's sweaters. ....

## LE GÉNITIF (CAS POSSESSIF)

### LE CAS POSSESSIF. (p. 62)

77. 1. It was a two hours' show. -2. It's Ann's handbag. -3. It's a girls' school. -4. It's the doctor's car. -5. Rover is Mr and Mrs Green's dog. -6. It was a fortnight's holiday. -7. It's the goal-keeper's shirt. -8. It's the Head's office.

### LE CAS POSSESSIF « INCOMPLET ». (p. 63)

78. 1. It's Mr Jenkins's. -2. It's my sister's. -3. No, they're Bill's. -4. It's my parents'. -5. No, it's Mr Brown's. -6. It's Mr and Mrs Smith's. -7. They're the children's. -8. No, it's Henry's.

### LE « DOUBLE POSSESSIF » (p. 63)

79. 1. Patricia is a sister of Jenny's. -2. Bill is wearing a sweater of his brother's.

# 79. (Suite)

3. This is probably one of John's ideas.

4. I've borrowed one of my father's ties.

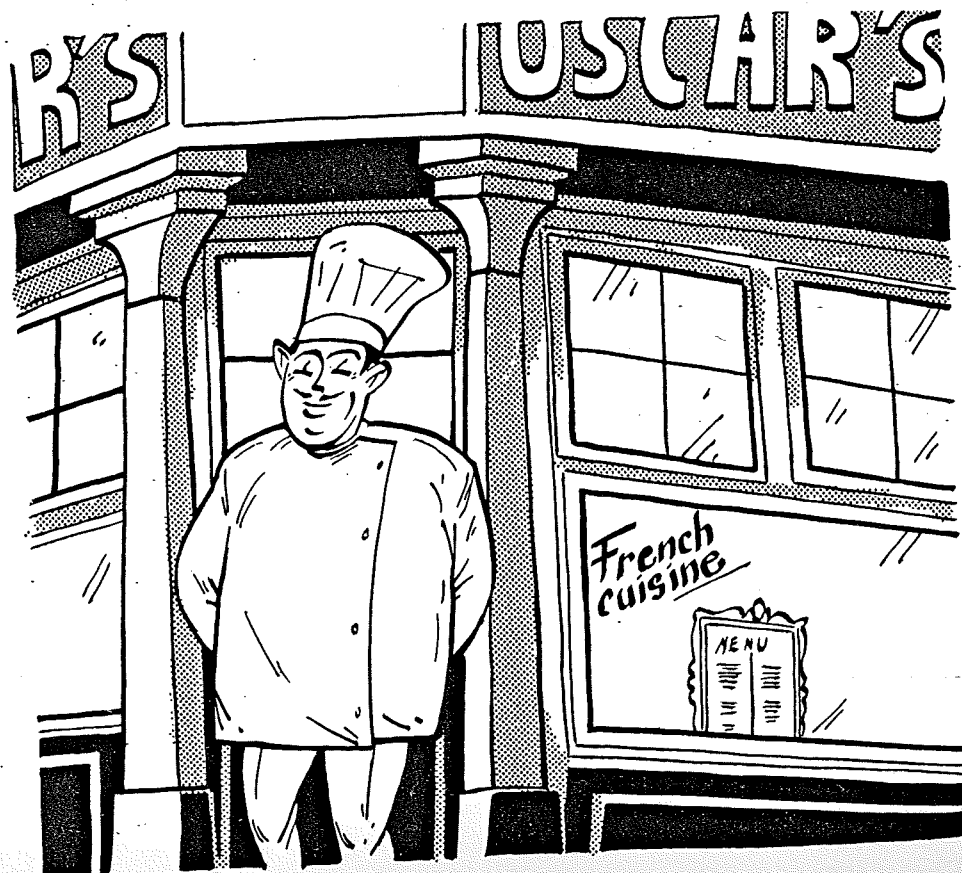
5. Isn't it one of Mary's photos?

6. This is one of my neighbour's cats.

7. I think it is one of your books.

8. Peter Jenkins is one of Richard's uncles.

## LA TRADUCTION DE « CHEZ » A à Z : 253 R.2



80

Répondez aux questions suivantes en vous servant de la liste ci-dessous.

baker - butcher - grocer - hairdresser - dentist - doctor - greengrocer - florist - chemist

Ex. : Where did you get these flowers?

→ I got them at the florist's.

1. Where do you go when you don't feel well?

2. Where did you get this very good meat?

3. This bread is very good. Where did you buy it?

4. I'd like to buy some vegetables. Where should I go?

5. Where do you go when you want to have your teeth examined?

6. I had my hair cut. Where did I go?

7. Where can we buy food?

8. Where do you go when you need some medicine?

79 .

-3. This is probably an idea of John's. -4. I've borrowed a tie of my father's. -5. Isn't it a photo of Mary's? -6. This is a cat of my neighbours. -7. I think it is a book of yours. -8. Peter Jenkins is an uncle of Richard's.

**LA TRADUCTION DE « CHEZ » (p. 64)**

80. 1. I go to the doctor's. -2. I got it at the butcher's. -3. I bought it at the baker's. -4. You should go to the greengrocer's. -5. I go to the dentist's. -6. You went to the hairdresser's. -7. We can buy food at the grocer's. -8. I go to the chemist's.